

History

When and where did the fire start?	The fire started on Sunday 2nd September 1666 in Thomas Farriner's bakery on Pudding Lane.
Why did the fire start?	The fires used for baking were not put out properly.
Why did the fire spread so quickly?	In 1666, the buildings in London were made of wood and straw and they were very close together, making it easy for the flames to spread. It had also been a dry summer, so the buildings were dry. Strong winds were blowing, which helped the flames to spread.
How did people try to put the fire out?	People used leather buckets and water squirts to try to put the fire out, but these did not work. Later in the week, King Charles II ordered buildings to be pulled down to stop the flames from spreading.
How and when was the fire put out?	By Thursday 6th September, the wind had died down. This meant that people were able to put out the flames.

- The Great Fire of London started in 1666.
- There were no fire engines or hoses back in 1666.
- The Gunpowder plot happened in 1605
- Guy Fawkes planned to explode the Houses of Parliament.

London

Important People



Guy Fawkes



Thomas Farriner



King James I



Samuel Pepys



King Charles II

Geography

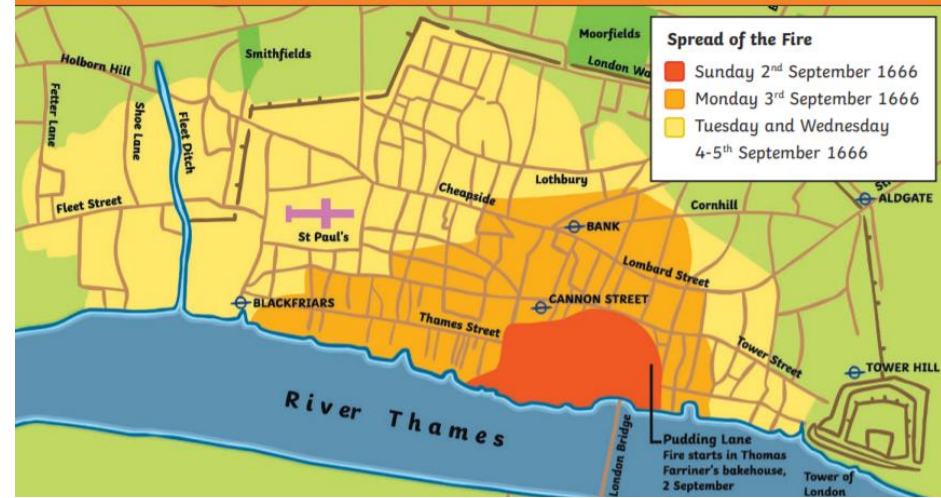
Physical

- River Thames

Human

- City
- Cathedral
- Church
- Bakery

Key Knowledge



Vocabulary

fire	London	bakery	bread	Thames
smoke	United Kingdom	Thomas Farriner	Samuel Pepys	diary
bucket	hook	St Paul's Cathedral		

Monday 3rd September 1666
The fire gets very close to the Tower of London.

Tuesday 4th September 1666
St Paul's Cathedral is destroyed by the fire.

Timeline of Events

Sunday 2nd September 1666
The fire starts at 1 a.m.
Mid-morning: Samuel Pepys starts to write about the fire in his **diary**.

Wednesday 5th September 1666
The wind dies down and the fire spreads more slowly.

Thursday 6th September 1666
The fire is finally put out.
Thousands of people are left homeless.